

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who think that local public services promote the interests of local residents.

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who think that local public services act on the concerns of local residents.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>This question attempts to assess peoples feelings towards their local public services (local council, police, fire &amp; rescue, GP etc).</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who feel their local public services act on the concerns of local residents 'a great deal' or 'to some extent'.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is

	<p>much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<b>Websites:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who think that older people in their local area get the help and support they need to continue to live at home for as long as they want to (National Indicator 139).

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who think that older people in their local area get the help and support they need to continue to live at home for as long as they want to.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>National Indicator 139 seeks to assess how far older people in a locality are getting the support and services they need to live independently at home.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population expressing an opinion believing that older people locally receive the support they need to live independently at home as long as possible.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County

	<p>Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<b>Websites:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who feel they belong to their immediate neighbourhood (National Indicator 2).

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who feel they belong to their immediate neighbourhood.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>National Indicator 2 collects information on a sense of belonging to a neighbourhood and is therefore a key indicator of a cohesive society.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who feel “fairly strongly” or “very strongly” that they belong to their immediate neighbourhood.</p> <p>Belonging – Respondents are said to belong to their neighbourhood if they feel very or fairly strongly.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County

	<p>Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<p><b>Quality Assurance:</b></p>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<p><b>Disclosure Control:</b></p>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<p><b>Comparability:</b></p>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<p><b>Websites:</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<p><b>Contacts:</b></p>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who say that that they have been treated with respect and consideration by their local public services in the last year (National Indicator 140).

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who say that that they have been treated with respect and consideration by their local public services in the last year.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>National Indicator 140 looks at dignity and respect as key determinants of an individual's wellbeing. This indicator is used to look at narrowing the gap between perceptions between different groups.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who feel their local public services have treated them with respect and consideration 'all of the time' or 'most of the time'.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County

	<p>Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<b>Websites:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who agree that they can influence decisions in their local area (National Indicator 4).

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who agree that they can influence decisions in their local area.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>National Indicator 4 is a key indicator on community empowerment assessing the extent to which people feel able to influence decisions affecting their local area.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who 'definitely agree' or 'tend to agree' that they are able to influence decisions affecting their local area.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is

	<p>much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
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<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall, Morpeth, NE61 2EF Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who agree with the statement ‘By working together, people in my neighbourhood can influence decisions that affect the neighbourhood’.

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who agree with the statement ‘By working together, people in my neighbourhood can influence decisions that affect the neighbourhood’.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area & Northumberland level.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area & Data for Northumberland – Ipsos Mori
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>The question on decisions was an additional question added to the Place Survey in Northumberland to measure progress on an LAA target. The question was taken from a prescribed question bank provided by CLG / Audit Commission. For this reason there is no comparison data at a North East or England level for this question.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population ‘definitely’ or ‘tend to’ agree with the statement that by working together people in my neighbourhood can influence decisions that affect the neighbourhood.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County

	<p>Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<p><b>Quality Assurance:</b></p>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<p><b>Disclosure Control:</b></p>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<p><b>Comparability:</b></p>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<p><b>Websites:</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<p><b>Contacts:</b></p>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who are satisfied with their local area as a place to live (National Indicator 5)

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who are satisfied with their local area as a place to live.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>National Indicator 5 provides authorities with a baseline of satisfaction to help them identify and address the issues affecting how residents feel about their local area.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who say they are 'satisfied' or 'very satisfied' with the area as a place to live.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is

	<p>much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<b>Websites:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall, Morpeth, NE61 2EF Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who agree that people from different backgrounds get on well together (National Indicator 1).

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who agree that people from different backgrounds get on well together.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>National Indicator 1 collects information on the percentage of people who agree that people from different backgrounds get on well together in the area.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who say they 'tend to agree' or 'definitely agree' that their local area is a place where people from different backgrounds get on well.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across

	<p>the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<b>Websites:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People aged 65 and over who are satisfied with both home and neighbourhood (National Indicator 138).

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People aged 65 and over who are satisfied with both home and neighbourhood.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>National Indicator 138 aims to collect information to look at the effectiveness of policies on housing supply, adaptation and support, and those relating to the local area, environment, crime, transport, facilities etc.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of people aged 65 and over who respond that they are 'fairly satisfied' or 'very satisfied' with both their home and the area.</p> <p>Area – is not defined, it is a subjective assessment which will vary depending on what area respondents regard as relevant.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>

<p><b>Further Information:</b></p>	<p>In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<p><b>Quality Assurance:</b></p>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<p><b>Disclosure Control:</b></p>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<p><b>Comparability:</b></p>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<p><b>Websites:</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<p><b>Contacts:</b></p>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>



## Place Survey, 2008 – People who have given unpaid help at least once per month over the last 12 months (National Indicator 6).

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who have given unpaid help at least once per month over the last 12 months.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>National Indicator 6 measures participation in regular volunteering. High levels of volunteering are one sign of strong, active communities.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who have taken part in formal volunteering at least once a month in the last 12 months.</p> <p>Formal volunteering is defined as giving unpaid help through groups, clubs, or organisations, which support social, environmental, cultural or sporting objectives at least once a week or less than once a week but at least once a month.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>

<p><b>Further Information:</b></p>	<p>In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<p><b>Quality Assurance:</b></p>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<p><b>Disclosure Control:</b></p>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<p><b>Comparability:</b></p>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<p><b>Websites:</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<p><b>Contacts:</b></p>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – Civic Participation: People who have been involved in decisions that affect the local area in the past 12 months (National Indicator 3).

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Civic Participation: People who have been involved in decisions that affect the local area in the past 12 months
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>National Indicator 3 looks at local participation for a range of civic activities. Local authorities use this indicator to narrow the gap between groups.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who have taken part in at least one civic participation activity in the last 12 months.</p> <p>Civic Activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Been a councillor or a member of a group making decisions on:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Health services</li> <li>• Crime Problems</li> <li>• Regeneration</li> <li>• Tenants group</li> <li>• Local Education</li> <li>• Services for young people</li> <li>• Another group making decisions on the local community</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>

<p><b>Further Information:</b></p>	<p>In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<p><b>Quality Assurance:</b></p>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<p><b>Disclosure Control:</b></p>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<p><b>Comparability:</b></p>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<p><b>Websites:</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<p><b>Contacts:</b></p>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall, Morpeth, NE61 2EF, Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who think that local public services treat all types of people fairly.

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who think that local public services treat all types of people fairly.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>This question attempts to assess peoples feelings towards their local public services (local council, police, fire &amp; rescue, GP etc).</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who feel their local public services treat all types of people fairly 'a great deal' or 'to some extent'.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is

	<p>much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<b>Websites:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who are satisfied with the way their complaint was handled.

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who are satisfied with the way their complaint was handled.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area & Northumberland.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area & Data for Northumberland – Ipsos Mori
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>The question on complaints was an additional question added to the Place Survey in Northumberland to measure progress on an LAA target. The question was taken from a prescribed question bank provided by CLG / Audit Commission. For this reason there is no comparison data at a North East or England level for this question.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who were 'very' or 'fairly' satisfied with the way their complaint to the County Council / District Council was handled.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is

	<p>much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<b>Websites:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall, Morpeth, NE61 2EF Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who think that local public services promote the interests of local residents.

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who think that local public services promote the interests of local residents.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>This question attempts to assess peoples feelings towards their local public services (local council, police, fire &amp; rescue, GP etc).</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who feel their local public services promote the interests of local residents 'a great deal' or 'to some extent'.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is

	<p>much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<b>Websites:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Place Survey, 2008 – People who would like to be more involved in the decisions that affect their local area.

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Place Survey, 2008 – People who would like to be more involved in the decisions that affect their local area.
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	2008
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	Data is available on the InfoNorthumberland profiles at locality, service area, Northumberland, North East & England.
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Locality
<b>Supplier:</b>	Data for Locality – Northumberland InfoNet Data for Service Area – Ipsos Mori Data for Northumberland, North East & England – Communities & Local Government (CLG) / Audit Commission
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The National Indicator Set launched by the government in April 2008 contains 25 indicators which are informed by citizens' views and perspectives. In order to minimise the number of surveys that local authorities need to undertake, 18 of these indicators are collected through a single Place Survey administered by, or on behalf of, each local authority. The Survey takes place every two years (the next one will take place between September and December 2010).</p> <p>This question was a follow-up to national indicator 4 which asked respondents whether they felt they could influence decisions in their local area and asks whether people would like to be more involved in decisions.</p> <p><b>Definition</b> – Data in the interactive profile shows the proportion of the adult population who say they would like to become more involved in decisions affecting their local area.</p> <p>For this indicator good performance is typified by higher percentages.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Place Survey is a new survey, which provides information on people's perceptions of their local area and the local services they receive.</p> <p>The survey is a postal survey conducted in every local authority once every two years and provides a particularly valuable data source at the local level. It is one of the largest sample surveys in Europe with more than half a million respondents. Fieldwork for the Place Survey took place in all local authorities across England between September and December 2008. It includes questions about satisfaction with the local area, local public services, information, local decision making, helping out, getting involved, respect and consideration and community safety.</p> <p>The survey collects information on 18 national indicators for local government, used to measure local government performance for 152 county councils, metropolitan district councils, London boroughs and unitary authorities.</p>
<b>Further Information:</b>	In Northumberland Ipsos Mori carried out the survey on behalf of the County Council. 27,640 surveys were sent out via a stratified random sample across the county. 8,861 responses (32% response rate) were received which is

	<p>much larger than the minimum (1,100) required to be submitted to the Audit Commission.</p> <p>The responses were received as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• North – 2,845 responses (32.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• South East – 3,644 responses (41.1% of the sample)</li> <li>• West – 2,372 responses (26.8% of the sample)</li> </ul> <p>A larger sample was taken in Northumberland to allow the data collected to be broken down to the new 27 locality areas with confidence.</p> <p>All data is weighted (via the Audit Commission) to take into account low or high response from certain sections of the population. The Place Survey weighting policy can be found in the <a href="#">Technical Annex</a> to the Place Survey manual</p>
<p><b>Quality Assurance:</b></p>	<p>In terms of data collection Ipsos MORI placed great emphasis on quality assurance and associated policies, and on data protection. The quality of data is assured through checks embedded in the scanning process. The software used is set up to only accept valid responses. With all tick box information, the confidence or tolerance of the scanning software is set at a tested level and anything outside this confidence level is filtered through to a human verification process. In the verification process any questionable responses are highlighted and subsequently confirmed or corrected. All responses which contain text were also sent for verification. In addition, all data outputs were given thorough checks by both the Ipsos MORI data analysts and research executive teams.</p> <p>On submission CLG &amp; the Audit Commission then carried out rigorous quality assurance checks to make sure the data was in line with guidance from the UK Statistics Authority before headline figures were released.</p>
<p><b>Disclosure Control:</b></p>	<p>No individual personal data has been published via the Place Survey. All data has been amalgamated up to locality level and higher. To ensure robust data in Northumberland the sample took into account the population (responses ranged from 116 to 878) of each locality area,</p>
<p><b>Comparability:</b></p>	<p>2008 was the first year the Place Survey was carried out. However some indicators were also collected via BVPI Surveys in previous years which could be used for comparison purposes, For more information on the BVPI Surveys click here <a href="#">Click Here</a></p>
<p><b>Websites:</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For locality and service area level data as well as a full report on Northumberland produced by Ipsos Mori <a href="#">click here.</a></li> <li>• Headline results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be accessed <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• Further results for England, North East &amp; Northumberland can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> <li>• The Place Survey Manual can be found <a href="#">here.</a></li> </ul>
<p><b>Contacts:</b></p>	<p>CLG – Guidance &amp; Background – complete the enquiry form <a href="#">here.</a></p> <p>InfoNet – Locality data &amp; Ipsos Mori Report  Policy &amp; Partnerships, Northumberland County Council, County Hall,  Morpeth, NE61 2EF  Tel: (01670) 533903 / e:mail – <a href="mailto:infonet@northumberland.gov.uk">infonet@northumberland.gov.uk</a></p>

## Ethnic Group, 2001

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Ethnic Group, 2001
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	April 2001
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	<p>Data for Ethnic Group is available on the InfoNorthumberland Area Profiles at locality, service area, LSOA, England, North East and Northumberland level.</p> <p>Data is available online for a range of geographies from England down to LSOA's and Output Areas</p>
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Output Area
<b>Supplier:</b>	Office for National Statistics, Neighbourhood Statistics and Census Output
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>The data on Ethnic Group shows the usual resident population by their perceived ethnic group and cultural background.</p> <p>The population of this data is all people. The data is broken down into the following categories:</p> <p><b>White</b> All people counted as usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their Ethnic Group was 'White'.</p> <p><b>Mixed</b> All people counted as usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their Ethnic Group was 'Mixed'.</p> <p><b>Asian or Asian British</b> All people counted as usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their Ethnic Group was 'Asian or Asian British'.</p> <p><b>Black or Black British</b> All people counted as usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their Ethnic Group was 'Black or Black British'.</p> <p><b>Chinese or Other Ethnic Group</b> All people counted as usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their Ethnic Group was 'Chinese or Other Ethnic Group'.</p> <p>On the interactive profiles data shows people by ethnic group as a percentage of all people in the area. The count shows number of people in each ethnic group.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Census was designed to collect information on the resident population on Census Day - 29 April 2001. Residents were asked to complete the forms with the information as correct on Census Day, and to post the completed forms back in a pre-addressed envelope. Where a form was not received through the post after a specified period, the enumerator visited the address in order to collect the form by hand.</p> <p>2001 Population</p>

	<p>In the 2001 Census information was collected for usual residents. A usual resident was generally defined as someone who spent most of their time at a specific address.</p> <p><b>Ethnic Group</b> The Ethnic Group question records each person's perceived ethnic group and cultural background. Although the question varied in different parts of the UK, the same detailed codes were used to code the write-in responses. In standard output the most detailed classification used is 16 groups (England and Wales), 14 groups (Scotland) and 12 groups (Northern Ireland).</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>Questions included on the Census form, the design of the form itself, and the administrative procedures involved in collecting the Census data underwent substantial testing. Coding of the data was subject to quality checks. The quality of the results was improved by the use of edit and imputation procedures for missing or incorrect data, and the One Number Census process was used to correct for under-enumeration. Following this, the results have undergone an extensive quality assurance process, including checks against administrative records and sources of information on particular groups such as students and the armed forces. Information on Census response rates and the accuracy of the Census results is available <a href="#">here</a>.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>The confidentiality of personal Census information is paramount, and disclosure protection measures are used to prevent the inadvertent disclosure of information about identifiable individuals. Small counts in all tables issued for England and Wales are adjusted. In addition there has been swapping of records in the output database, and broad limitations are placed on details in tables to be produced for small populations. There are also minimum thresholds of numbers of person and households for the release of sets of output. For Key Statistics these are 40 households and 100 persons. The adjustment of small counts means that each table will be internally consistent and sum to the totals given, however, different tables may show different counts for the same area or population. More details on the ONS Census disclosure control strategy may be found <a href="#">here</a>.</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>For comparability and changes between the Census 2001 and 1991 <a href="#">click here</a>.</p>
<b>Websites:</b>	<p>Information and frequently asked questions on the Census can be found <a href="#">here</a>. This includes information on the forthcoming 2011 census.</p> <p>Further information on the methodological procedures used in the 2001 Census may be found <a href="#">here</a></p> <p>Data can be downloaded from <a href="#">neighbourhood statistics</a>.</p>
<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>Census Customer Services Office for National Statistics Tel No : 01329 813800 E-Mail: <a href="mailto:census.customerservices@ons.gov.uk">census.customerservices@ons.gov.uk</a></p>

## Country of Birth, 2001

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Country of Birth, 2001
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	April 2001
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	<p>Data for Country of Birth is available on the InfoNorthumberland Area Profiles at locality, service area, LSOA, England, North East and Northumberland level.</p> <p>Data is available online for a range of geographies from England down to LSOA's and Output Areas</p>
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Output Area
<b>Supplier:</b>	Office for National Statistics, Neighbourhood Statistics and Census Output
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>This data is about Country of Birth.</p> <p>The table shows the usual resident population by their country of birth.</p> <p>The country of birth question in the 2001 Census had five tick box responses: one each for the four parts of the UK and one for the Republic of Ireland. Where there was no applicable tick box, people were asked to write in the present name of their country of birth.</p> <p>The population of this table is all people.</p> <p><b>People born in England</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who were born in England.</p> <p><b>People born in Scotland</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who were born in Scotland.</p> <p><b>People born in Wales</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who were born in Wales.</p> <p><b>People born in Northern Ireland</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who were born in Northern Ireland.</p> <p><b>People born in Republic of Ireland</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who were born in the Republic of Ireland.</p> <p><b>People born in other EU Countries</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who were born in countries forming part of the European Union other than England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland. The European Union is as defined on Census day (29 April 2001).</p> <p><b>People born elsewhere</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who were born in countries outside of the European Union (as defined on</p>

	<p>Census day - 29 April 2001).</p> <p>On the interactive profiles data shows people by country of birth as a percentage of all people in the area. The count shows number of people by country of birth by area.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Census was designed to collect information on the resident population on Census Day - 29 April 2001. Residents were asked to complete the forms with the information as correct on Census Day, and to post the completed forms back in a pre-addressed envelope. Where a form was not received through the post after a specified period, the enumerator visited the address in order to collect the form by hand.</p> <p>2001 Population In the 2001 Census information was collected for usual residents. A usual resident was generally defined as someone who spent most of their time at a specific address.</p> <p>Country of birth There are five tick box responses to the country of birth question: one each for the four parts of the UK and one for the Republic of Ireland. Where there is no applicable tick box, people were asked to write in the present name of their country of birth. The written responses are coded using the ONS Geography Classification of Countries.</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>Questions included on the Census form, the design of the form itself, and the administrative procedures involved in collecting the Census data underwent substantial testing. Coding of the data was subject to quality checks. The quality of the results was improved by the use of edit and imputation procedures for missing or incorrect data, and the One Number Census process was used to correct for under-enumeration.</p> <p>Information on Census response rates and the accuracy of the Census results is available <a href="#">here</a>.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>The confidentiality of personal Census information is paramount, and disclosure protection measures are used to prevent the inadvertent disclosure of information about identifiable individuals. Small counts in all tables issued for England and Wales are adjusted. In addition there has been swapping of records in the output database, and broad limitations are placed on details in tables to be produced for small populations. There are also minimum thresholds of numbers of person and households for the release of sets of output.</p> <p>More details on the ONS Census disclosure control strategy may be found <a href="#">here</a>.</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>For comparability and changes between the Census 2001 and 1991 <a href="#">click here</a>.</p>
<b>Websites:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Information and frequently asked questions on the Census can be found <a href="#">here</a>. This includes information on the forthcoming 2011 census.</li> <li>Further information on the methodological procedures used in the 2001 Census may be found <a href="#">here</a></li> <li>Data can be downloaded from <a href="#">neighbourhood statistics</a>.</li> </ul>
<b>Contacts:</b>	<p>Census Customer Services (ONS) Tel No : 01329 813800, E-Mail: <a href="mailto:census.customerservices@ons.gov.uk">census.customerservices@ons.gov.uk</a></p>

## Religion, 2001

<b>Dataset Title:</b>	Religion, 2001
<b>Time Period of Dataset:</b>	April 2001
<b>Geographic Coverage:</b>	<p>Data for Religion is available on the InfoNorthumberland Area Profiles at locality, service area, LSOA, England, North East and Northumberland level.</p> <p>Data is available online for a range of geographies from England down to LSOA's and Output Areas</p>
<b>Lowest Area Output:</b>	Output Area
<b>Supplier:</b>	Office for National Statistics, Neighbourhood Statistics and Census Output
<b>Data Definitions &amp; Relevance:</b>	<p>This data is about Religion. The data shows the usual resident population by their current religion. The question on religion was voluntary in the 2001 Census, so missing responses were not imputed and are shown in the 'not stated' category.</p> <p>The population of this data is all people.</p> <p>The data on the InfoNorthumberland profiles is broken down into the following categories:</p> <p><b>Christian</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their current religion was Christian.</p> <p><b>Buddhist</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their current religion was Buddhist.</p> <p><b>Hindu</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their current religion was Hindu.</p> <p><b>Jewish</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their current religion was Jewish.</p> <p><b>Muslim</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their current religion was Muslim.</p> <p><b>Sikh</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated their current religion was Sikh.</p> <p><b>Any other religion</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who stated they had a current religion other than Christian, Buddhist, Hindu, Jewish, Muslim or Sikh.</p> <p><b>No religion</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who</p>

	<p>stated they did not have a current religion.</p> <p><b>Religion not stated</b> All people usually resident in the area at the time of the 2001 Census, who did not state a current religion, or that they had no religion.</p> <p>On the interactive profiles data shows people by religious group as a percentage of all people in the area. Count shows total number of people by religious group in the area.</p>
<b>Data Information:</b>	<p>The Census was designed to collect information on the resident population on Census Day - 29 April 2001. Residents were asked to complete the forms with the information as correct on Census Day, and to post the completed forms back in a pre-addressed envelope. Where a form was not received through the post after a specified period, the enumerator visited the address in order to collect the form by hand.</p> <p>2001 Population In the 2001 Census information was collected for usual residents. A usual resident was generally defined as someone who spent most of their time at a specific address.</p> <p>Religion In England and Wales this relates to current religion. Those people who did not regard themselves as belonging to any particular religion were classified as belonging to 'No religion'.</p>
<b>Quality Assurance:</b>	<p>Questions included on the Census form, the design of the form itself, and the administrative procedures involved in collecting the Census data underwent substantial testing. Coding of the data was subject to quality checks. The quality of the results was improved by the use of edit and imputation procedures for missing or incorrect data, and the One Number Census process was used to correct for under-enumeration. Following this, the results have undergone an extensive quality assurance process, including checks. Information on Census response rates and the accuracy of the Census results is available <a href="#">here</a>.</p>
<b>Disclosure Control:</b>	<p>The confidentiality of personal Census information is paramount, and disclosure protection measures are used to prevent the inadvertent disclosure of information about identifiable individuals. Small counts in all tables issued for England and Wales are adjusted. In addition there has been swapping of records in the output database, and broad limitations are placed on details in tables to be produced for small populations. There are also minimum thresholds of numbers of person and households for the release of sets of output.</p> <p>More details on the ONS Census disclosure control strategy may be found <a href="#">here</a>.</p>
<b>Comparability:</b>	<p>For comparability/ changes between the Census 2001 and 1991 <a href="#">click here</a>.</p>
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